

COMPETENCY STANDARD

Dementia Care

Level: 03

(Informal Sector)

Competency Standard Code: CS-IS-DC-L3-EN-V1



National Skills Development Authority
Prime Minister's Office
Government of the People's Republic of
Bangladesh

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This Competency Standard for Dementia Care is a document for developing curricula, teaching, and learning materials, and assessment tools. It also serves as the document for providing training consistent with the requirements of the industry in order to meet the qualification of individuals who graduated through the established standard via competency-based assessment for a relevant job.

This document has been developed by NSDA in association with Informal Sector, industry representatives, academia, related specialists, trainers, and related employees.

Public, and private institutions may use the information contained in this standard for activities benefitting Bangladesh.

Introduction

The NSDA aims to enhance an individual's employability by certifying completeness with skills. NSDA works to expand the skilling capacity of identified public, and private training providers qualitatively, and quantitatively. It also aims to establish, and operationalise a responsive skills ecosystem, and delivery mechanism through a well-defined set of mechanisms, and necessary technical supports.

NSDA has targeted key priority economic growth sectors identified by the government to improve current job skills, and the existing workforce to ensure required skills to industry standards. Training providers are encouraged, and supported to work with the industry to address identified skills, and knowledge to enable industry growth, and increased employment through the provision of the market-responsive, inclusive skills training programme. "Dementia Care" Level-3 is selected as one of the priority occupations of Informal Sector. This standard is developed to adopt a demand driven approach to training with effective inputs from Industry Skills Councils (ISC's), employer associations, and employers.

Generally, a competency standard informs Curriculum, learning materials, assessment, and certification of trainees enrolled in Skills Training. Trainees who successfully pass the assessment will receive a qualification in the National Skills Qualification Framework (NSQF) under Bangladesh National Qualification Framework, and be listed on the NSDA's online portal.

This competency standard is developed to improve skills, and knowledge in accordance with the job roles, duties, and tasks of the occupation, and ensure that the required skills, and knowledge are aligned to industry requirements. A series of stakeholder consultations, workshops were held to develop this document.

The document also details the format, sequencing, wording, and layout of the Competency Standard for an occupation which is comprised of units of competence, and its corresponding elements.

Overview

A competency standard is a written specification of the knowledge, skills, and attitudes required for the performance of an occupation, trade or job corresponding to the industry standard of performance required in the workplace.

The purpose of a competency standards is to:

- provide a consistent, and reliable set of components for training, recognising, and assessing people's skills, and may also have optional support materials
- enable industry recognised qualifications to be awarded through direct assessment of workplace competencies
- encourage the development, and delivery of flexible training which suits individual, and industry requirements
- encourage learning, and assessment in a work-related environment which leads to verifiable workplace outcomes

Competency standards are developed by a working group comprised of representative from NSDA, key Institutions, ISC, and industry experts to identify the competencies required of an occupation in informal sector.

Competency standards describe the skills, knowledge, and attitude needed to perform effectively in the workplace. CS acknowledge that people can achieve technical, and vocational competency in many ways by emphasizing what the learner can do, not how or where they learned to do it.

With competency standards, training, and assessment may be conducted at the workplace or at training institute or any combination of these.

Competency standards consist of a number of units of competency. A unit of competency describes a distinct work activity that would normally be undertaken by one person in accordance with industry standards.

Units of competency are documented in a standard format that comprises of:

- unit title
- nominal duration
- unit code
- unit descriptor

- elements, and performance criteria
- variables, and range statement
- curricular content guide
- assessment evidence guides

Together, all the parts of a unit of competency:

- describe a work activity
- guide the assessor to determine whether the candidate is competent or not yet competent. The ensuing sections of this document comprise of a description of the relevant occupation, trade or job with all the key components of a unit of competency, including:
 - a chart with an overview of all Units of Competency for the relevant occupation, trade or job including the Unit Codes, and the Unit of Competency titles, and corresponding Elements
 - the Competency Standard that includes the Unit of Competency, Unit Descriptor, Elements, and Performance Criteria, Range of Variables, Curricular Content Guide, and Assessment Evidence Guide.

Competency Standards for National Skills Certificate – Level-3 in Dementia Care in Informal Sector

Level Descriptors of NSQF (BNQF 1-6)

Level & Job Classification	Knowledge Domain	Skills Domain	Responsibility Domain
6-Mid-Level Manager	Comprehensive actual, and theoretical knowledge within a specific work or study area with an awareness of the validity, and limits of that knowledge, able to analyse, compare, relate, and evaluate.	Specialised, and wider range of cognitive, and practical skills required to provide leadership in the development of creative solutions to defined problems. Communicate professional issues, and solutions to the team, and to external partners/users.	Work under broad guidance, and self-motivation to execute strategic, and operational plan/s. Lead lower-level management. Diagnose, and resolve problems within, and among work groups.
5-Supervisor	Broad knowledge of the underlying, concepts, principles, and processes in a specific work or study area, able to scrutinize, and break information into parts by identifying motives or causes.	Broad range of cognitive, and practical skills required to generate solutions to specific problems in one or more work or study areas. Communicate practice-related problems, and possible solutions to external partners.	Work under guidance of management, and self-direction to resolve specific issues. Lead, and take responsibility for the work, and actions of group/team members. Bridge between management.
4-Highly Skilled Worker	Broader knowledge of the underlying, concepts, principles, and processes in a specific work or study area, able to solve problems to new situations by comparing, and applying acquired knowledge.	A range of cognitive, and practical skills required to accomplish tasks, and solve problems by selecting, and applying the full range of methods, tools, materials, and information. Communicate using technical terminology, and IT technology with partners, and users as per workplace requirements.	Work under minimal supervision in specific contexts in response to workplace requirements. Resolve technical issues in response to workplace requirements, and lead/guide a team/ group.
3-Skilled Worker	Moderately broad knowledge in a specific work or study area, able to perceive ideas, and abstract from drawing, and design according to workplace requirements.	Basic cognitive, and practical skills required to use relevant information in order to carry out tasks, and to solve routine problems using simple rules, and tools. Communicate with his team, and limited external partners upholding the values, nature, and culture of the workplace	Work or study under supervision with considerable autonomy. Participate in teams, and responsible for group coordination.
2-Semi Skilled Worker	Basic understanding of underpinning knowledge in a specific work or study area, able to interpret, and apply common occupational terms, and instructions.	Skills required to carry out simple tasks, communicate with his team in the workplace presenting, and discussing results of his work with required clarity.	Work or study under supervision in a structured context with limited scope of manipulation
1 –Basic Skilled Worker	Elementary understanding of ability to interpret the underpinning knowledge in a specific study area, able to interpret common occupational terms, and instructions.	Specific Basic skills required to carry out simple tasks. Interpret occupational terms, and present the results of own work within guided work environment/under supervision.	Work under direct supervision in a structured context with limited range of responsibilities.

List of Abbreviations

General	
NSDA	National Skills Development Authority
ISC	Industry Skills Council
NSQF	National Skills Qualifications Framework
BNQF	Bangladesh National Qualification Framework
PPP	Public Private Partnership
SCVC	Standards, and Curriculum Validation Committee
STP	Skills Training Provider
UoC	Unit of Competency
KSA	Knowledge, Skills, and Attitudes
Occupation Sp	pecific
PPE	Personal protective equipment
OSH	Occupational Safety, and Health
CV	Curriculum Vitae
PC	Personal Computer
IT	Information Technology
COVID	Coronavirus disease
STD	Sexually Transmitted Diseases
ASD	Autism spectrum disorder
BP	Blood Pressure
CPR	Cardiopulmonary resuscitation
AHA	American Heart Association
РНН	Personal Health, And Hygiene
DEI	Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion
ADL	Activities Of Daily Living
BPSD	Behavioral, and Psychological Symptoms of Dementia

Approval of Competency Standard:

Approved by 25th Authority Meeting of NSDA Held on 11.04.2023

Contents

Copyright	i
Introduction	ii
Overview	iii
Level Descriptors of NSQF (BNQF 1-6)	v
List of Abbreviations	vi
Approval of Competency Standard:	vi
Course Structure	
Units & Elements at Glance	2
Generic Competencies Sector-Specific Competencies Occupation-Specific competencies	3
Generic Units of Competencies	
GC002L2V1: Apply OSH Procedure in the Workplace	
GU006L3V1: Apply Basic IT Skills	
Sector-specific Units of Competencies	15
SUINF001L2V1: Interpret the ground rules of caregiving	17
SUINF002L2V1: Interpret legal, and ethical issues in caregiving	22
SUINF003L2V1: Carry out basic first aid	25
Occupation-specific Units of Competencies	33
OUISDC01L3V1: Acquire knowledge, and understanding of Dementia	35
OUISDC02L3V1: Prepare to work as a Dementia Caregiver	39
OUISDC03L3V1: Provide Person-Centred Care	43
OUISDC04L3V1: Communicate to persons living with Dementia	49
Development of Competency Standard	53
Validation of Competency Standard	55

Competency Standards for National Skill Certificate, Level-3 in Dementia Care in the Informal Sector

Course Structure

SL No	Unit code, and Title UOC Level				
Generic Units of Competencies					
1.	GU02L2V1	Apply OSH procedures in the workplace	1	15	
2.	GU06L3V1	Apply basic IT skills	3	20	
Sub T	Cotal			35	
Secto	r-Specific Units of Compe	tencies			
3.	SUIS01L2V1	Interpret the ground rules of caregiving	2	20	
4.	SUIS02L2V1	Interpret legal, and ethical issues in caregiving	2	20	
5.	SUIS03L2V1	Carry out basic first aid	2	30	
	Sub Total 70				
Occuj	Occupation-Specific Units of Competencies				
6.	OUISDC01L3V1	Acquire knowledge, and understanding of Dementia	3	15	
7.	OUISDC02L3V1	Prepare to work as a Dementia caregiver	3	28	
8.	OUISDC03L3V1	Provide person-centred care	3	152	
9.	OUISDC4L3V1	Communicate to persons living with Dementia	3	60	
Sub Total			255		
Tota	Total Duration 360				

Units & Elements at Glance

Generic Competencies

Code	Unit of Competency	Elements of Competency	Duration (Hours)
GU002L2V1	Apply OSH Procedure in the Workplace	 Identify OSH policies, and procedures. Follow OSH procedure Report hazards, and risks Respond to emergencies 	15
GU006L3V1	Apply Basic IT Skills	 Maintain personal well-being Identify, and use the most commonly used IT Tools Operate Computer. Work with word processing software. Use a spreadsheet to create /prepare worksheets Use presentation packages to create/prepare a presentation Print the documents Use the Internet, and Access E-Mail 	20
		Total Hour	35

Sector-Specific Competencies

Code	Unit of Competency	Elements of Competency	Duration (Hours)
SUINF001L2V1	Interpret the fundamentals of caregiving	 Interpret basic knowledge of caregiving Interpret the roles, and responsibilities of a caregiver Explain caregiving rules, and ethics Ensure a safe working environment Interpret communicable & noncommunicable diseases Interpret caregiver's basic right Enable caregivers 	20
SUINF002L2V1	Interpret legal, and ethical issues in caregiving	 Legal & ethical issues Understanding client rights The rights of the caregivers Privacy, and confidentiality Caregiver conduct-regulations, coworkers, and families 	20
SUINF003L2V1	Carry out basic first aid	 The accidental situations Perform primary responses to the victim Perform secondary response to a casualty 	30
		Total Hours	70

Occupation-Specific competencies

Code	Unit of competency	Elements of competency	Duration (hours)
OUISDC01L3V1	Acquire knowledge, and understanding of Dementia	 Interpret Dementia Assist in the early detection of Dementia Assist to reduce the risks of Dementia Explain living well with Dementia 	15
OUISDC02L3V1	Prepare to work as a Dementia caregiver	 Prepare for Dementia care Develop Dementia- friendly behaviours Manage inconsistency, and incontinence Maintain personal health, and hygiene (PHH) Ensure time management 	28
OUISDC03L3V1	Provide Person- Centred Care	 Prepare for Person-Centred Care Explain premorbid personality Provide support to activities of daily living (ADL) Assist with cognitive skills and emotional wellbeing 	152
OUISDC4L3V1	Communicate to persons living with Dementia	 Prepare for communication to persons with Dementia Communicate to persons who have Dementia Assist in Medication Perform creative approaches to care for/manage behavioural, and psychological syndromes of Dementia (BPSD) 	60
	I	Total Hours	255

Generic Units of Competencies

Unit Code, and Title	GC002L2V1: Apply OSH Procedure in the Workplace	
Unit Descriptor	This unit covers the knowledge, skills, and attitudes (KSA) required in applying OSH procedures in the workplace. It includes explicitly identifying OHS policies, and procedures, following OSH procedure, reporting to emergencies, and maintaining personal well-being.	
Nominal Hours	15 Hours	
Elements of Competency	Performance Criteria Bold & Underlined terms are elaborated in the Range of Variables	
1. Identify OSH policies,	1.1. OSH policies, and safe operating procedures are	
and procedures.	accessed, and stated	
1	1.2. Safety signs, and symbols are identified, and followed	
	1.3. Emergency response, evacuation procedures, and other	
	contingency measures are determined according to	
	workplace requirements	
2. Follow OSH procedure	2.1 <u>Personal protective equipment (PPE)</u> is selected, and collected as required	
	2.2 Personal protective equipment (PPE) is correctly used	
	following organisation's OSH procedures, and practices	
	2.3 A clear, and tidy workplace is maintained as per	
	workplace standard	
	2.4 PPE is maintained to keep them operational, and	
	compliant with OSH regulations	
3. Report hazards, and	3.1 <u>Hazards</u> , and risks are identified, assessed, and	
risks.	controlled	
	3.2 Incidents arising from hazards, and risks are reported to the designated authority	
4. Respond to	4.1 Alarms, and warning devices are responded	
emergencies	4.2 Workplace <u>emergency procedures</u> are followed	
	4.3 <u>Contingency measures</u> during workplace accidents, fire, and other emergencies are recognised, and followed	
	following organisation procedures	
	4.4 Frist aid procedures are applied during emergencies situations	
5. Maintain personal well-	5.1 OSH policies, and procedures are adhered to	
being	5.2 OSH awareness programs are participated in as per	
	workplace guidelines, and procedures	
	5.3 Corrective actions are implemented to correct an unsafe	
	condition in the workplace	

	5.4	"Fit to work" records are updated, and maintained
		according to workplace requirements
Range of Variables		
Variables	Ran	ge (may include but not limited to):
1. OHS Policies	1.1.	Bangladesh standards for OHS
	1.2.	Fire Safety Rules, and Regulations
	1.3.	Code of Practice
	1.4.	Industry Guidelines
2. Safe Operating	2.1	Orientation on emergency exits, fire extinguishers, fire
Procedures		escapes, etc.
	2.2	Emergency procedures
	2.3	First Aid procedures
	2.4	Tagging procedures
	2.5	Use of PPE
	2.6	Safety procedures for hazardous substances
3. Safety Signs, and	3.1	Direction signs (exit, emergency exit, etc.)
symbols	3.2	First aid signs
	3.3	Danger Tags
	3.4	Hazard signs
	3.5	Safety tags
	3.6	Warning signs
4. Personal Protective	4.1	Gas Mask
Equipment (PPE)	4.2	Gloves
	4.3	Safety boots
	4.4	Face mask
	4.5	Overalls
	4.6	Goggles, and safety glasses
	4.7	Sunblock
	4.8	Chemical/Gas detectors
5. Hazards	5.1	Chemical hazards
	5.2	Biological hazards
	5.3	Physical Hazards
	5.4	Mechanical, and Electrical Hazard
	5.5	Mental hazard
	5.6	Ergonomic hazard
6. Emergency Procedures	6.1	Fire fighting
	6.2	Earthquake
	6.3	Medical, and first aid
	6.4	Evacuation
7. Contingency measures	7.1	Evacuation
, . Sommigency measures	7.2	Isolation
	1.2	1001001011

	7.3	Decontamination
8. "Fit to Work" records	8.1	Medical Certificate every year
	8.2	Accident reports, if any
	8.3	Eye vision certificate

Evidence Guide

The evidence must be authentic, valid, sufficient, reliable, consistent, recent, and meet all requirements of the current version of the Unit of Competency

1			
	Asse	essment required evidence that the candidate:	
	1.1	Stated OHS policies, and safe operating procedures	
	1.2	followed safety signs, and symbols	
1. The critical aspects of	1.3	used personal protective equipment (PPE)	
competency	1.4	maintained workplace clean, and tidy	
	1.5	assessed, and Controlled hazards	
	1.6	followed emergency procedures	
	1.7	followed contingency measures	
	1.8	implemented corrective actions	
	2.1	Define OHS	
	2.2	OHS Workplace Policies, and Procedures	
	2.3	Work Safety Procedures	
2 Undaminning	2.4	Emergency Procedures	
2. Underpinning knowledge	2.5	Hazard control procedure	
Kilowieuge	2.6	Different types of Hazards	
	2.7	PPE, and there uses	
	2.8	Personal Hygiene Practices	
	2.9	OHS Awareness	
	3.1	Accessing OHS policies	
	3.2	Handling of PPE	
3. Underpinning skills	3.3	Handling cleaning tools, and equipment	
	3.4	Writing report	
	3.5	Responding to emergency procedures	
	4.1	Commitment to occupational health, and safety	
	4.2	Sincere, and honest to duties	
	4.3	Promptness in carrying out activities	
4. Required attitude	4.4	Environmental concerns	
4. Kequired attitude	4.5	Eagerness to learn	
	4.6	Tidiness, and timeliness	
	4.7	Respect of peers, and seniors in the workplace	
	4.8	Communicate with peers, and seniors for workplace	
	5.1	Workplace	
5. Resource implications	5.2	Equipment, and outfits appropriate in applying safety	
		measures	

	5.3 Tools, materials, and documentation required5.4 OHS Policies, and Procedures
	Competency should be assessed by:
6. Methods of assessment	6.1 Written test
	6.2 Demonstration
	6.3 Oral Questioning
	6.4 Portfolio
	7.1 Competency assessment must be done in NSDA
7. Context of assessment	accredited assessment centre
	7.2 Assessment should be done by an NSDA
	certified/nominated assessor

Accreditation Requirements

Training Providers must be accredited by the National Skills Development Authority (NSDA), the National Quality Assurance Body, or a body with delegated authority for quality assurance to conduct training, and assessment against this unit of competency for credit towards the award of qualification under NSQF. Accredited providers assessing against this unit of competency must meet the quality assurance requirements set by NSDA.

Unit Code, and Title	GU006L3V1: Apply Basic IT Skills	
Nominal Hours	20 Hours	
Unit Descriptor	This unit covers the basic knowledge, skills, and attitude required to work with IT Tools. It includes explicitly identifying, and using the most commonly used IT tools, operating a computer, working with word processing software, using a spreadsheet to create /prepare worksheets, using presentation packages to create/prepare a presentation, printing the documents, and using the internet, and accessing e-mails.	
	Performance Criteria	
Elements of Competency	Bold, and Underlined terms are elaborated in the range of variables.	
1. Identify, and use the	1.1 Context of IT is interpreted	
most commonly used IT	1.2 Commonly used <u>IT tools</u> are identified	
tools	1.3 Safe work practice, and OSH Standards are followed	
2. Operate Computer.	 2.1 Peripherals are checked, and connected with a computer as per standard 2.2 Power cords/adapters are safely connected to the computer, and power outlets socket. 2.3 Computer is switched on gently. 2.4 PC desktop/GUI settings are arranged, and customised as per requirement. 2.5 Files, and folders are created, opened, copied, renamed, deleted, and sorted as per requirement. 2.6 Properties of files, and folders are viewed, and searched. 2.7 Disks are defragmented and formatted as per requirement. 	
3. Work with word processing software.	 3.1 Word Processing software is selected, and started 3.2 Basic typing technique is demonstrated 3.3 <u>Documents</u> are created as per requirement in personal use, and office environment 3.4 <u>Contents</u> are entered. 3.5 Documents are <u>formatted</u>. 	
4. Use spreadsheets to create/prepare worksheets	 4.1 Spreadsheets are selected, and started. 4.2 Worksheets are created as per requirement in personal use, and office environment. 4.3 Data are entered 4.4 <u>Functions</u> are used for calculating, and editing logical operation 4.5 Sheets are formatted as per requirement. 	

	4.6 Charts are created.
	4.7 Charts/ Sheets are previewed
	5.1 Appropriate presentation software packages are
	selected, and started
5. Use presentation-	5.2 Presentation is created as per requirement in personal
packages to	use, and office environment
create/prepare a	5.3 Image, Illustrations, text, table, symbols, and media are
presentation	entered as required.
_	5.4 Presentations are formatted, and animated.
	5.5 Presentations are previewed.
	6.1 Printer is connected to the computer, and power outlet
	properly.
	6.2 Power is switched on at both the power outlet, and
6. Print the documents	printer.
	6.3 Printer is installed, and added.
	6.4 Correct printer settings are selected, and documents are
	printed.
	7.1 Appropriate internet browsers are selected
	7.2 Search engines are used to access information
	7.3 Video / Information are Shared /downloaded/uploaded
	from / to website/social media.
	7.4 Web-based resources are used
	7.5 Email services are identified, and selected to create a
7. Use the Internet, and	new email address
Access E-Mail	7.6 Document is prepared, attached, and sent to different
	types of recipients.
	7.7 Email is read, forwarded, replied, and deleted as per
	requirement.
	7.8 Custom email folders are created, and manipulated.
	7.9 Email message is printed.
Range of Variables	
Variable	Range (may include but not limited to):
	1.1 Phone
1. IT tools	1.2 Cell Phone
	1.3 TABs
	1.4 Radio
	1.5 Television
	1.6 Computers
	1.7 Laptops
	1.8 Notebooks
	1.9 Internet

	1.10	Software
	1.11	Satellite
	2.1.	Monitor
	2.2.	Keyboard
2 Davidhamla	2.3.	Mouse
2. Peripherals	2.4.	Modem
	2.5.	Scanner
	2.6.	Printer
	3.1	Icons
2 Dealston / CIII acttings	3.2	Taskbar
3. Desktop / GUI settings	3.3	View
	3.4	Resolutions
	4.1	Word documents
	4.2	Standard CV/Bio-Data with different text & fonts,
		image, and table.
	4.3	Application/official letter with proper paragraph, and
4. Documents		indenting, spacing, styles, Illustrations, Tables, Header
		& Footers, and symbols.
	4.4	Standard report/newspaper items with column,
		footnote, and endnote, drop cap, indexing, and page
		numbering.
	5.1	Illustrations, and styles
	5.2	Text
5. Contents	5.3	Table
	5.4	Symbols
	5.5	Header & Footer
	6.1	Bold
	6.2	Italic
6. Formatted.	6.3	Underline
o. Tomated.	6.4	Font size, colour,
	6.5	Change case
	6.6	Alignment, and intend
	7.1.	Mathematics
7. Functions	7.2.	Logical
	7.3.	Simple Statistical
8. Browsers	8.1	Internet Explorer
	8.2	Firefox
	8.3	Google Chrome
J. DIGHIGOID	8.4	Opera
	8.5	Safari
	8.6	Omni Web
Evidence Guide		

	ntic, valid, sufficient, reliable, consistent, and recent, and meet nt version of the Unit of Competency.
1	Assessment required evidence that the candidate:
	1.1 created, opened, copied, renamed, deleted, and sorted
	files, and folders as per requirement.
1. The critical aspects of	1.2 completed application software Installations as per
Competency	standard
	1.3 performed simple troubleshooting with Computer
	1.4 Created email accounts.
	1.5 used email account for online platforms purpose
	2.1 Basic competent of PC
	2.2 IT, and IT Tools
	2.3 Types of software, and application packages
2. Underpinning	2.4 Use of word processor, spreadsheet, and presentation
Knowledge	software
	2.5 Types of math, and logical functions
	2.6 Computer Trouble Shooting
	2.7 Techniques to access the internet
	3.1 Identifying, and using IT tools
	3.2 Demonstrating typing on word processing software
	3.3 Saving, and retrieving documents on word processing software.
	3.4 Demonstrated ability to create email accounts
3. Underpinning Skills	3.5 Opening an email account, and useing it for different
3. Onderprining Skins	purposes.
	3.6 Configured appropriate printer settings, and printed
	the document
	3.7 Used functions for calculating, and editing logical
	operations in a spreadsheet
	4.1 Commitment to occupational health, and safety
	4.2 Environmental concerns
	4.3 Eagerness to learn
4. Underpinning Attitudes	4.4 Tidiness, and timeliness
4. Onderprining Attitudes	4.5 Respect for the rights of peers, and seniors in the
	workplace
	4.6 Communication with peers, and seniors in the
	workplace
	The following resources must be provided:
5. Resource Implications	5.1 Workplace (simulated or actual)
	5.2 IT tools
	5.3 Computers with word processing application
	5.4 Internet connection

	5.5 Presentations
	5.6 Learning manuals
6. Methods of Assessment	6.1 Written Test
	6.2 Demonstration
	6.3 Oral Questioning
	6.4 Portfolio
7. Context of Assessment	 7.1 Competency assessment must be done in an NSDA accredited assessment centre 7.2 Assessment should be done by an NSDA certified/nominated assessor

Accreditation Requirements

Training Providers must be accredited by the National Skills Development Authority (NSDA), the National Quality Assurance Body, or a body with delegated authority for quality assurance to conduct training, and assessment against this unit of competency for credit towards the award of qualification under NSQF. Accredited providers assessing against this unit of competency must meet the quality assurance requirements set by NSDA.

Sector-specific Units of Competencies

Unit Code and Title	SUINF001L2V1: Interpret the ground rules of caregiving		
Unit Descriptor	This unit covers the knowledge, skills, and attitudes required to interpret the ground rule of caregiving. It includes interpreting basic knowledge of caregiving, interpreting the roles and responsibilities of a caregiver, explaining caregiving rules and ethics, ensuring a safe working environment, interpreting communicable & non-communicable diseases, interpreting caregiver's fundamental rights, and interpreting enabling conditions for caregivers.		
Nominal Hours	20 Hours		
Elements of competency	Performance Criteria Bold & italicized terms are elaborated in the Range of Variables		
Interpret basic knowledge of caregiving	 Principles of caregiving are recognised. Basics of caregiving are identified. Common medical terminologies are stated. Common medical equipment are identified. Components of a patient-file are interpreted. Communicable and non-communicable diseases are distinguished. 		
2. Interpret the roles and responsibilities of a caregiver	 2.1 The working environment is recognised. 2.2 Standards of caregiving are identified. 2.3 Duties of a caregiver are explained. 2.4 Problems are prioritized and solved. 2.5 The client is advocated. 2.6 Day-to-day activity management is outlined. 		
3. Explain caregiving rules and ethics	 3.1 Legal and ethical aspects of caregiving are interpreted. 3.2 Caregiver code of ethics is recognised. 3.3 Rights of clients are recognised. 3.4 Fundamentals of professionalism in caregiving are interpreted. 3.5 Standard caregiving rules are identified. 		
4. Ensure a safe working environment	 4.1 Physical working environment is recognised. 4.2 Care of appliances is taken to prevent accidents. 4.3 Causes and prevention of fall risks are identified. 4.4 Necessary medication is taken as per organization standard. 		
5. Interpret communicable & non-communicable diseases	 5.1 <u>Communicable & non-communicable diseases</u> are identified and differentiated. 5.2 Appropriate measures to protect clients from communicable diseases are illustrated. 		

	5.3 Supports requirements for clients with non-communicable
	diseases are interpreted.
6. Interpret	6.1 Fundamental rights of caregiver are explained.
caregiver's	6.2 Aspects of caregivers are identified.
fundamental rights	6.3 Rights and dignity of caregiver are interpreted.
	7.1 Counseling needs for individual/group/family are explained.
	7.2 Early signs of caregiver's distress are recognised.
7. Interpret enabling	7.3 Coping with stress & need for support of the caregivers
conditions for	7.4 Positive attitude and leadership are interpreted.
caregivers	7.5 Importance of interpersonal relationships are explained.
	7.6 Needs of disabled persons are differentiated.
Range of Variables	
Variable	Range (may include but not limited to):
	1.1 Thermometer
	1.2 Catheter
	1.3 Syringe (50ccs, 20ccs, 6ccs, 3ccs)
	1.4 Dressing equipment/ trolley
	1.5 Cotton ball
	1.6 Wound dressing set
	1.7 Nebulizer
	1.8 Crutches
	1.9 Blood glucose meter
	1.10 Walker
	1.11 Pulse Oximeter
	1.12 Feeding tube
1. Common	1.13 Surgical suture
medical equipment	1.14 Assistive cane
	1.15 Speculum
	1.16 Scalpel
	1.17 Scissors
	1.18 Forceps
	1.19 Bandages
	1.20 First Aid Kits
	1.21 Compression stockings
	1.22 Urinal
	1.23 Bedpan
	1.24 Apron
	1.25 Stethoscope
	1.26 Sphygmomanometer

	2.1	Medical history
2. Components	2.2	Physician's prescription
	2.3	Care Plan
	2.4	Different charts (Temperature/Pulse/Diet/Medication chart)
of patient's file	2.5	Pathological reports
1 - I	2.6	Blood pressure chart
	2.7	Intake output
	2.8	Diabetic chart
	3.1	Chikungunya
	3.2	COVID – 19 (Corona)
	3.3	Dengue fever
	3.4	Diphtheria
	3.5	Guillain-Barre' Syndrome
	3.6	STDs (Gonorrhea, Syphilis, HIV/AIDS)
	3.7	Hepatitis A
	3.8	Hepatitis B
	3.9	Hepatitis C
	3.10	Leprosy
	3.11	Malaria
3. Communicable	3.12	Measles (rubella)
disease	3.13	Mumps
	3.14	Pertussis (whooping cough)
	3.15	Plague (human)
	3.16	Poliovirus
	3.17	Tetanus
	3.18	Tuberculosis
	3.19	Typhoid carrier
	3.20	Typhoid and Paratyphoid fever
	3.21	Varicella (chickenpox)
	3.22	Yellow fever
	3.23	Dengue
	4.1	Alzheimer's disease
	4.2	Asthma
	4.3	Cataracts
4. Non-communicable diseases	4.4	Chronic kidney disease
	4.5	Diabetes
	4.6	Heart disease
	4.7	Osteoporosis
	4.8	Arthritis
	4.9	Autism spectrum disorder (ASD)
	4.10	Bipolar disorder
	4.11	Congenital disabilities
	4.12	Cerebral palsy

	4.13 Down's syndrome
	4.14 Epilepsy
	4.15 Hemophilia
	4.16 Obesity
	4.17 Psoriasis
	4.18 Vision impairment
	4.19 Cardiovascular disease
	4.20 Cancer
5 Aspects of	5.1 Caregiver as an individual
5. Aspects of caregivers	5.2 Caregiver as a citizen
Caregivers	5.3 Caregiver as a member of an organisation

Evidence Guide

The evidence must be authentic, valid, sufficient, reliable, consistent, recent, and meet all requirements of the current version of the Unit of Competency.

requirements of the curi	rent v	ersion of the Unit of Competency.	
	Assessment required evidence that the candidate:		
Critical aspects of competency	1.1	Interpreted the roles and responsibilities of a caregiver.	
	1.2	Explained caregiving rules and ethics.	
	1.3	Interpreted communicable & non-communicable diseases.	
	1.4	Interpreted enabling conditions human for caregivers.	
	2.1	Basics of anatomy, physiology, and development.	
	2.2	Types and scopes of caregiving.	
	2.3	Common diseases and physical conditions.	
2. Underpinning knowledge	2.4	Common drugs.	
	2.5	Common pathological terms.	
	2.6	Common physiological conditions.	
	2.7	Safety, security, and rights of caregivers at the work place.	
	2.8	Networking skills	
	3.1	Recognising healthy body systems, functions, and joint	
		conditions.	
3. Underpinning skills	3.2	Identifying and differentiating common communicable and	
5. Olderplining skills		non-communicable diseases.	
	3.3	Organising patients' files.	
	3.4	Identifying common drugs and medical equipment.	
4. Required attitudes	4.1	Commitment to occupational safety and health.	
	4.2	Promptness in carrying out activities.	
	4.3	Sincere and honest to duties.	
	4.4	Eagerness to learn.	
	4.5	Tidiness and timeliness.	
	4.6	Environmental concerns.	
	4.7	Respect the rights of peers and seniors at the workplace.	
	4.8	Communication with peers and seniors at the workplace.	

	The following resources must be provided:		
5. Resources implication	5.1 Workplace (actual or simulated)		
	5.2 Required tools and equipment's, facilities, and relevant		
	accessories for caregiving		
	5.3 Required teaching aids		
	5.4 Competency-based learning materials		
	Methods of assessment may include but are not limited to:		
6. Methods of assessment	6.1 Written test		
	6.2 Demonstration		
	6.3 Oral questioning		
	6.4 Portfolio/Case Study		
7. Context of	7.1 Competency assessment must be done in NSDA accredited		
	assessment centre		
assessment	7.2 Assessment should be done by an NSDA certified/nominated		
	assessor		

Accreditation Requirements

Training Providers must be accredited by the National Skills Development Authority (NSDA), the National Quality Assurance Body, or a body with delegated authority for quality assurance to conduct training and assessment against this unit of competency for credit towards the award of qualification under NSQF. Accredited providers assessing against this unit of competency must meet the quality assurance requirements set by NSDA.

Unit Code, and Title	SUINF002L2V1: Interpret legal, and ethical issues in caregiving		
Unit Descriptor	This unit covers the knowledge, skills, and attitudes required to interpret legal, and ethical issues in caregiving. It includes explicitly interpreting legal, and ethical issues, recognising rights in caregiving, and assessing caregiver conduct-regulations.		
Nominal Hours	20 Hours		
Elements of competency	Performance Criteria Bold & italicized terms are elaborated in the Range of Variables		
Interpret legal, and ethical issues	 1.1 Legal issues for caregivers are recognised 1.2 <u>Legal terms</u>, and definitions are stated 1.3 Caregiving rules, and ethics are explained 1.4 <u>Ethical principles, and actions</u> 1.5 Reporting <u>abuse</u>, Unethical Behavior & Misconduct 1.6 Caregiver Responsibility 1.7 Safety & self defense 		
Recognise rights in caregiving	 2.1 <u>Rights of clients</u> are interpreted 2.2 <u>Rights of the Caregivers</u> are described 2.3 Privacy, and confidentiality are maintained 		
3. Assess caregiver conduct-regulations	 3.1 Managing behavior Challenges is performed 3.2 Caregiving offer is assessed, and care planning is prepared 3.3 Clients' independence is promoted 3.4 Risks are analyzed for a troubled, and remote work area 3.5 Offer letter is assessed against negotiation 		
Range of Variables			
Variable	Range (may include but not limited to):		
1. Legal terms	 1.1 Patient Consent 1.2 Assault 1.3 Battery 1.4 False imprisonment 1.5 Fraud 1.6 Invasion of privacy 1.7 Malpractice 1.8 Negligence 1.9 Liability 1.10 Abandonment 1.11 Autonomy 		

	2.1	Keep personal information confidential.
	2.2	Only perform work assigned
	2.3	Do not do less work than assigned
2. Ethical principles,	2.4	Avoid doing careless or low-quality work
and actions	2.5	Report abuse
and actions	2.6	Honesty
	2.7	Respect
	2.8	Reliability
	2.9	Code of conducts
	3.1	Mental & emotional abuse
	3.2	Physical abuse
	3.3	Sexual abuse
	3.4	Neglect
2 Alman	3.5	Self-neglect
3. Abuse	3.6	Financial abuse
	3.7	Discriminatory abuse
	3.8	Consequence of abuse
	3.9	Detecting abuse
	3.10	Reporting abuse
	4.1	Have right to ask questions
	4.2	Have right to have special needs addressed
	4.3	Have right to know caregivers
	4.4	Right to choose & refuse treatment
4. Rights of clients	4.5	Have right to informed consent
	4.6	Have right to receive quality care
	4.7	Have right to respect
	4.8	Have right to privacy, and confidentiality
	4.9	Have right to access medical records & lab reports
	1.1	Respect for their individual human worth, and dignity.
	1.2	Respect for their privacy.
5. Rights of the	1.3	Respect for their confidentiality.
caregivers	1.4	Comprehensive information, education, training, and
	1	support to facilitate their care, and support roles.
Evidence Guide		25FF 222 10 Internation than the support Total.
	nentic	valid, sufficient, reliable, consistent, and recent, and meet
		ersion of the Unit of Competency.
-	1.1	Interpreted legal, and ethical issues
1. The critical aspect of	1.2	Recognised rights in caregiving
competency	1.3	Assessed caregiver conduct-regulations
	2.1	Code of conduct
2. Underpinning	2.2	Legal issues for caregivers
knowledge	2.3	Care giving rules, and ethics
	2.5	

1	2.4 Ethical principles & actions
	1 1
	2.5 Privacy rights
	2.6 Ethical principles & actions
	2.7 Ways to protect confidentiality
3. Underpinning Skills	3.1 Maintaining privacy & confidentiality
	3.2 Explaining caregiving rules, and ethics
	4.1 Commitment to occupational safety, and health.
	4.2 Promptness in carrying out activities.
	4.3 Sincere, and honest to duties.
4 D 1 -44'4 1	4.4 Eagerness to learn.
4. Required attitudes	4.5 Tidiness, and timeliness.
	4.6 Environmental concerns.
	4.7 Respect the rights of peers, and seniors at the workplace.
	4.8 Communicate with peers, and seniors at the workplace.
	The following resources must be available:
	5.1 Workplace (actual or simulated)
5. Resource implication	5.2 Facilities, and relevant accessories for caregiving
	5.3 Required teaching aids
	5.4 Learning materials
	Methods of assessment may include but are not limited to:
	6.1 Written test
6. Methods of assessment	6.2 Demonstration
	6.3 Oral questioning
	6.4 Portfolio/Case Study
7. Context of assessment	7.1 Competency assessment must be done in NSDA accredited
	assessment centre
	7.2 Assessment should be done by an NSDA certified/
	nominated assessor
6. Methods of assessment	 4.2 Promptness in carrying out activities. 4.3 Sincere, and honest to duties. 4.4 Eagerness to learn. 4.5 Tidiness, and timeliness. 4.6 Environmental concerns. 4.7 Respect the rights of peers, and seniors at the workplace. 4.8 Communicate with peers, and seniors at the workplace. The following resources must be available: 5.1 Workplace (actual or simulated) 5.2 Facilities, and relevant accessories for caregiving 5.3 Required teaching aids 5.4 Learning materials Methods of assessment may include but are not limited to: 6.1 Written test 6.2 Demonstration 6.3 Oral questioning 6.4 Portfolio/Case Study 7.1 Competency assessment must be done in NSDA accredited assessment centre 7.2 Assessment should be done by an NSDA certified

Accreditation Requirements

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Unit Code, and Title	SUINF003L2V1: Carry out basic first aid	
Unit Descriptor	This unit covers the knowledge, skills, and attitudes required to carry out basic first aid. It includes assessing the accidental situations, performing primary responses to the victim, and performing secondary responses to a casualty.	
Nominal Hours 30 Hours		
Elements of competency	Performance Criteria Bold & underline terms are elaborated in the Range of Variables	
The accidental situations 2. Perform primary responses to the victim	 1.1 Emergency action principle of First Aid is applied based on established procedure 1.2 Physical hazards to self, and casualty's health, and safety are identified based on established procedure 1.3 Immediate risks to self, and casualty are minimised by controlled following OHS requirements 1.4 First Aid kit must be available at all times based on OSH Law, and First Aid manual 2.1 Principles of Body Substance Isolation is applied based on standard First Aid procedure 2.2 Responses, and level of consciousness of the victim or casualty is checked based on established standard first aid procedure 2.3 Potential life-threatening condition is identified, and then appropriate treatment is begun based on the first aid standard procedure 2.4 Activate medical assistance is applied based on established first aid procedure 2.5 Basic life support is applied based on the established first aid 	
3. Perform secondary responses to a casualty	 3.1 Detailed history of casualty is obtained based on the establish standard procedure of first aid 3.2 Physical examination of the casualty is done based on established procedure 3.3 Vital signs of casualty are obtained based on the established standard procedure of first aid 3.4 Casualty is endorsed to physician or paramedic based on the standard procedure of first aid 3.5 Written incident report is submitted based on the standard procedure of the company or home facility 	
Range of Variables		
Variable	Range (may include but not limited to):	

	1 1	0
	1.1	Concept of first aid
	1.2	Objectives of first aid
	1.3	Role of the first aider
	1.4	Survey the scene
	1.5	Is the scene safe?
1. Emergency action	1.6	What happened?
principles of first aid	1.7	How many people are injured?
	1.8	Are there bystanders who can help?
	1.9	Is there available equipment to be used?
		Identify yourself as a First Aider with your PPEs on
		Wear masks, and gloves
		Get consent to give care
	1	<u> </u>
	2.1 2.2	Quick assessment of the surroundings to identify physical hazards like
	2.2	Falls
	2.4	Slips
2. Physical hazards	2.5	Working from heights
	2.6	Collapsed building
	2.7	Fire
	2.8	Presence of toxic chemicals, etc.
3. The immediate risk to	3.1	Injury of the first aider, and further injury to the casualty
self, and casualty	3.2	Death which may occur either or both first aider, and casualty
	4.1	Digital BP apparatus
	4.2	Digital thermometer
	4.3	Pulse oximeter
	4.4	Cotton balls
		Alcohol
	4.6	Disposable gloves (1 box)
	4.7	Disposable mask (1 box)
4. First aid kit	4.8	Cervical collar
	4.9	Surgical scissors Bandage scissors
		Forceps
		Splint
		Sterile gauze pads
		Spine board
		Icecap
		Hot water bag
	5.1	Definition of Body substance Isolation (BSI)
5. Principles of body substance isolation	5.2	Mode of transmission methods
	5.3	Blood or fluid splash
	5.4	Surface contamination
	5.5	Needle stick exposure
	5.6	Oral contamination due to improper handwashing
	5.7	Proper handwashing (WHO standard)
	5.8	Proper wearing, removal, and disposal of masks, and Gloves
	ĺ	(PPE)

	50 W : CH M (H 1 4 : 1 : 4) 1 1
	5.9 Wearing of HazMat (Hazardous material suit) as needed
	5.10 Use of disinfectant
	6.1 Awake
	6.2 Confused
	6.3 Disoriented
	6.4 Lethargic
	6.5 Obtunded
6. Level of consciousness	6.6 Stuporous
	6.7 Comatose
	6.7.1 Protect spine if necessary
	6.7.2 Check C-A-B
	6.7.3 Circulation
	6.7.4 Airway
	6.7.5 Breathing
	7.1 Types of the unconscious victim (* B-breathing: *P – pulse)
	7.1.1 + B + P = Syncope
	7.1.2 - B + P = Respiratory arrest
	7.1.3 - B - P = Cardiac arrest
	7.2 TRIAGE (TRIAGE PRIORITY)
	7.3 Casualty who has life-threatening condition that involves C-
	A-B. Treat this victim first, and transport them as soon as
	possible
	1.1.1 Airway, and breathing difficulties
	1.1.2 Choking
	1.1.3 Uncontrolled, and severe bleeding
	1.1.4 Decreased level of consciousness
	1.1.5 Shock (different types)
	1.1.6 Severe burns (2nd, and 3rd degree) with difficulty of
7. Potential life-	breathing
threatening condition	1.2 Person/casualty who is injured but the condition is not life-
The succession of the successi	threatening. Treatment can be delayed temporarily
	1.2.1 Burns without airway problem
	1.2.2 Major or multiple or joint injuries
	1.2.3 Back injuries with or without spinal cord injury
	1.3 Person who is injured but only minor. Treatment can be
	delayed
	1.3.1 Minor fracture
	1.3.2 minor soft tissue injury
	1.4 Lowest priority (Black) person who is already dead or has little
	chance of survival
	1.4.1 Obvious death
	1.4.2 Obviously non-survivable injury
	1.4.2.1 Major open brain trauma
	1.4.2.2 Full cardiac arrest
	8.1 Arrange transfer facilities
8. Activate medical	8.2 Phone first – activate or call medical assistance then return to
assistance	the victim
assistance	
	8.3 Phone fast – CPR first before calling for medical assistance

	9.1 Basic life support definition
	9.2 Respiratory arrest
	9.3 Cardiac arrest
	9.4 Artificial respiration or rescue breathing
	9.5 Cardiopulmonary resuscitation
	9.6 CPR for infant
	9.7 CPR for children
	9.8 CPR for adult
	9.9 Follow CPR under AHA (American Heart Association C-A-
	B procedure)
	9.10 Check Circulation – Airway - Breathing
9. Basic life support	9.11 Carotid pulse for adult
3. Busic in support	9.12 Brachial pulse for infant
	9.13 Open airway
	9.14 Head tilt chin lift maneuver
	9.15 Jaw thrust maneuver
	9.16 Modified jaw thrust maneuver
	9.17 When to stop CPR
	9.18 Spontaneous breathing, and pulse have occurred
	9.19 Turned over to the physician or paramedics
	9.20 Operator or first aider is already exhausted
	9.21 Physician assumed responsibility, and if the casualty has been
	declared dead
	10.1 Signs, and symptoms of the episode
	10.2 What occurred at the onset of accident
	10.3 Any known allergies
	10.4 Present medication
	10.5 Name of medication
10. The detailed	10.6 Frequency of medication
history of casualty	10.7 Dosage
	10.8 Time when last taken
	10.9 History of casualty's medical condition
	10.10 Last oral intake, last meal, drink or medication that was taken
	prior to the accident
	10.11 Events leading to injury or illness
	11.1 Begin care, and assessment in the order of
	11.2 importance:
	11.2.1 A – Airway
	11.2.2 B – Breathing
	11.2.3 C – Circulation
	11.2.4 D – Disabilities, which include mental status
11. Physical	·
examination	11.2.5 E - Expose any body part that is fractured like
CAAIIIIIauoii	extremities but still maintain casualty's privacy, and
	dignity
	11.3 Techniques of physical examination
	11.3.1 Inspection
	11.3.2 Palpation
	11.3.3 Auscultation
	11.3.4 Percussion

	11.4 Examine the following:
	11.4.1 D - Deformity
	11.4.2 C - Contusion
	11.4.3 A - Abrasion
	11.4.4 P – Punctured
	11.4.5 B – Bleeding, and burns
	11.4.6 T – Tenderness
	11.4.7 L - Laceration
	11.4.8 S – Swelling
	11.5 For casualty - fall from heights
	11.5.1 Don't move the casualty
	11.5.2 Wait for the paramedics
	11.5.3 Keep the casualty calm, and well ventilated
	12.1 Baseline vital signs
	12.2 Body temperature
	1
12. Vital signs of	12.3 Pulse rate
causality	12.4 Respiratory rate
	12.5 Blood pressure
	12.6 Assessment of pain
	12.7 Use of pain scale
	13.1 Definition of the term
	13.2 Accident report
	13.3 Incident report
	13.4 Find the factor
	13.5 Date, time, and specific location of the incident
	13.6 Name, job title, and department the employee is involved
	13.7 Names, and accounts of witness
	13.8 Events leading up to the incident
	13.9 Exactly what was the casualty doing at the moment of the
	incident
	13.10 Environmental conditions e.g., slippery, wet floor, lighting,
13. written incident	noise, etc.
report	13.11 Circumstances like tools, equipment, PPE
_	13.12 Specific injuries of casualty
	13.13 Type of treatment given
	13.14 Damage equipment if there are tools, and equipment
	involved in the accident
	13.15 Determine the sequence
	13.16 Events involved in the incident
	13.17 Events after the incident
	13.18 Analyze
	13.19 Recommend
	13.20 Name, signature, date, and time of the person who wrote the
	incident report
E-:1 C-:1-	

Evidence Guide

The evidence must be authentic, valid, sufficient, reliable, consistent, recent, and meet all requirements of the current version of the Unit of Competency.

	TTI :: 1	1.1	Assessed accidental situation
1.	•	1.2	Performed primary responses to the victim
	competency	1.3	Performed secondary responses to a casualty
		2.1	First Aid standard operating procedure
		2.2	Physical hazards
		2.3	Solid Waste Management
	** 1	2.4	Principles of body substance isolation
2.	Underpinning	2.5	Basic Life Support
	knowledge	2.6	Therapeutic communication
		2.7	Physical examination of the casualty
		2.8	Vital signs paraphernalia
		2.9	Incident report writing procedure
		3.1	Identifying physical hazards
3.	Underpinning Skills	3.2	Applying the principle to activate medical assistance
].	Onderprining Skins		
		3.3	Using the computer for report writing
		4.1	Commitment to occupational safety, and health.
		4.2	Promptness in carrying out activities. Sincere, and honest to duties.
		4.3	Eagerness to learn.
4.	Required attitudes	4.5	Tidiness, and timeliness.
		4.6	Environmental concerns.
		4.7	Respect the rights of peers, and seniors at the workplace.
		4.8	Communicate with peers, and seniors at the workplace.
			following resources should be provided:
		5.1	Access to relevant workstation
5.	Resource implication	5.2	Relevant institutional policies, guidelines, procedure, and
	_		protocol
		5.3	Equipment, and materials relevant to the proposed activities
		6.1	Written test
6.	Methods of	6.2	Demonstration
	assessment	6.3	Oral questioning
		6.4	Portfolio/Case Study
		7.1	Competency assessment must be done in NSDA accredited
7.	Context of assessment	7.2	assessment center
		7.2	Assessment should be done by an NSDA certified/nominated
		<u> </u>	assessor

Occupation-specific	Units of Competencies

Unit Code, and Title		OUISDC01L3V1: Acquire knowledge, and understanding of Dementia	
Unit Descriptor		This unit covers the knowledge, skills, and attitudes required to acquire knowledge, and understanding of Dementia. It includes explicitly the skills for interpreting Dementia, assisting in the early detection of Dementia, assisting to reduce the risk of Dementia, and explaining living well with Dementia.	
Noi	ninal Hours	15 Hours	
	ments of npetency	Performance Criteria Bold & Underlined terms are elaborated in the Range of Variables	
1.	Interpret Dementia	 1.1 Dementia is defined 1.2 <u>Major Types of Dementia</u> are recognised 1.3 <u>Risk Factors</u> of Dementia are recognised 1.4 <u>Symptoms</u> of Dementia are explained 1.5 <u>Misconceptions</u> about Dementia are recognised 1.6 <u>Stigma</u>, shame, concealments, social isolation, and discrimination related to Dementia are interpreted 	
2.	Assist in the early detection of Dementia	 2.1 Dementia symptoms are identified 2.2 Dementia risk factors are identified with the client 2.3 Detected symptoms, and risks are reported to respective personnel 	
3.	Assist to reduce the risks of Dementia	 3.1 Lifestyle modification is encouraged 3.2 Care is taken for a healthy heart 3.3 Physical exercise is encouraged 3.4 Activities for improving memory are introduced 	
4.	Explain living well with Dementia	 4.1 <u>Three Stages of Dementia</u> are explained 4.2 Dementia, and Nutrition are interpreted 4.3 Dying well with dignity is interpreted 	
Rai	nge of Variables		
Variables		Range (may include but not limited to):	
1.	Major Types of Dementia	 1.1 Alzheimer's disease 1.2 Vascular Dementia 1.3 Frontotemporal Dementia 1.4 Mixed Dementia 1.5 Lewy body Dementia 1.6 Parkinson's Disease 	
2.	Risk Factors	2.1 Age	

	2.2	Head Injury
	2.3	Stroke
	2.4	Diabetes
	2.5	Hypertension
	2.6	Excessive Alcohol consumption
	2.7	Physical Inactivity
	2.8	Overall brain health
	2.9	Smoking
	2.10	Air pollution
	2.11	Depression
	2.12	Infrequently Social Contact
	2.13	Obesity
	2.14	Hearing Impairment
	2.15	Family history, and genetic
	3.1	Memory loss
	3.2	Difficulty performing familiar tasks
	3.3	Problems with language, and articulation
	3.4	Disorientation of time, and place
	3.5	Poor or decreased judgement
	3.6	Problem keeping track of things
3. Symptoms of	3.7	Misplacing things
Dementia	3.8	Changes in mood and behaviour
	3.9	Trouble with images and spatial relationships
	3.10	Withdrawal from work or social activities
	3.11	Difficulties in planning, and problem-solving
	3.12	Fail to recognise own home address, and direction
	3.13	Fail to recognise the traffic, and traffic signal
	4.1	Believing Dementia as a mental health problem
	4.2	Superstitions a myths: believing Dementia is caused by
4. Misconceptions		the possessions of supernatural entities like jinn, ghosts, karma, black magic, etc.
	4.3	Beliefs that Dementia is a natural part of aging.
	5.1	Self-stigma
5. Stigma	5.2	Social-stigma
	5.3	Institutional stigma

		5.4	Stigma by associations
6. Three Stages of Dementia	Three Stages of	6.1	Early stage
	6.2	Mid stage	
	Dementia	6.3	Late stage

Evidence Guide

The evidence must be authentic, valid, sufficient, reliable, consistent, recent, and meet all requirements of the current version of the Unit of Competency

1	1 7		
1. The critical aspects of	Assessment required evidence that the candidate:		
competency	1.1 Assisted in the early detection of Dementia		
competency	1.2 Reduced the risks of Dementia		
	4.1 Dementia		
	4.2 Major types of Dementia		
	4.3 Risk factors of Dementia		
	4.4 Symptoms of Dementia		
	4.5 Misconceptions of Dementia		
	4.6 Stigma, shame, concealments, social isolation, and		
2 II. 1	discrimination related to Dementia		
2. Underpinning	4.7 Dementia diagnosing process		
knowledge	4.8 Lifestyle modification		
	4.9 Healthy heart		
	4.10 Physical exercise		
	4.11 Memory retrieving activities		
	4.12 Three stages of Dementia		
	4.13 Dementia, and nutrition		
	4.14 Dying well with dignity		
2 TT 1 ' ' 1'11	3.1 Assisting in the early detection of Dementia		
3. Underpinning skills	3.2 Reducing the risks of Dementia		
	4.1 Commitment to occupational health, and safety		
	4.2 Sincere, and honest to duties		
	4.3 Promptness in carrying out activities		
4 Degrained estitude	4.4 Environmental concerns		
4. Required attitude	4.5 Eagerness to learn		
	4.6 Tidiness, and timeliness		
	4.7 Respect of peers, and seniors in the workplace		
	4.8 Communicate with peers, and seniors in the workplace		
	5.1. Workplace (actual or simulated)		
5. Resource implications	5.2. Tools, equipment, and facilities		
	5.3. Materials		
	Competency should be assessed by:		
6. Methods of	6.1 Written test		
assessment	6.2 Demonstration		
	6.3 Oral Questioning		

7.	Context of assessment

- 7.1 Competency assessment must be done in NSDA accredited assessment centre
- 7.2 Assessment should be done by an NSDA certified/nominated assessor

This unit covers the knowledge, skills, and attitudes to prepare to work as a Dementia caregiver. Unit Descriptor It includes explicitly the skills for preparing for Dementia-friendly behaviours,	nentia care, managing onal health
developing Dementia-friendly behaviours,	managing onal health
inconsistency, and incontinence, maintaining personand hygiene (PHH), and ensuring time management.	I
Nominal Hours 28 Hours	
Elements Competency Of Performance Criteria Bold & Underlined terms are elaborated in the Variables	Range of
1.1 Roles, and responsibilities are identified	
1.2 Ethical issues related to Dementia caregiving recognised	are
1. Prepare for Dementia care 1.3 Positive attitude as a Dementia caregiver is reco	gnised
1.4 Client history is interpreted	
1.5 Care plan for Dementia is interpreted, and prepa	ared
1.6 Confidentiality is maintained	
2.1 Dementia-friendly Behaviours are interpreted	
2.2 Dementia-Friendly behaviours are exercised	
2. Develop Dementia- 2.3 Rapport building with persons with Dementia is	exercised.
friendly behaviours 2.4 Reflective listening is exercised	
2.5 Open ended questioning is exercised	
2.6 Role with resistance skill is exercised	
3.1 <u>Causes of inconsistency</u> are interpreted	
3. Manage 3.2 Approaches to incontinences are applied	
inconsistency and 3.3 Support with clothing during incontinence is pro	
incontinence 3.4 Support with skin care during incontinence is pr	
3.5 Support with bathroom aid during incontinence	is
provided	
4.1 <u>Personal health, and hygiene issues</u> are interpr	
4.2 Personal health, and hygiene norms are applied	ed
4. Maintain personal 4.3 Self-care, and safety are ensured.	
health, and hygiene 4.4 <u>Self-care issues</u> are identified	
(PHH) 4.5 Self-care issues are addressed	
4.6 Nutritious food, and healthy living are ensured.	
5.1 Regularity is maintained on duty	
5. Ensure time 5.2 Punctuality is ensured	
management 5.3 Immediate response to client's need is addressed	d

		5.4	Daily scheduled tasks are completed accordingly			
		5.5	Personal schedule is prepared, and maintained			
Ran	ge of Variables	l .				
Var	Variables		Range (may include but not limited to):			
		1.1 I	Respect human rights			
		1.2 U	Use informed consent (written/ verbal) before collecting			
		г	any personal information from someone.			
1.	Ethical issues	1.3	Oblige by the general data protection regulation			
	related to Dementia	1.4	Keep all personal information saved anonymously using			
			coding.			
		1.5	Confidentiality			
		1.6	Adopt equality, diversity, and inclusion principles.			
		2.1	Behave gently			
		2.2	Be kind/compassionate			
		2.3	Be friendly			
		2.4	Be respectful			
		2.5	Be empathetic			
2.	Dementia-friendly	2.6	Affirming			
۷.	behaviours	2.7	Use gentle language			
	benaviours	2.8	Maintain courtesy, manners, and etiquette			
		2.9	Show sincerity			
		2.10	Show a good personality			
		2.11	Have stable emotion			
		2.12	Be honest			
		2.13	Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion (DEI)			
3	Causes of	3.1	Physical causes			
5.		3.2	Environmental causes			
	inconsistency	3.3	Other causes			
		4.1	Oral hygiene			
1	Personal health, and	4.2	Hand wash			
٦.	hygiene issues	4.3	Nail cutting			
		4.4	Hair trimming			
		4.5	Well dressed			
		5.1	Sorrows			
		5.2	Guilt			
		5.3	Anger			
		5.4	Embarrassment			
5.	Self-care issues	5.5	Loneliness			
		5.6	Frustration			
		5.7	Family crisis			
		5.8	Depression			
		5.9	Anxiety			

	5.10 Stress				
	5.11 Chronic health problems				
Evidence Guide					
	hentic, valid, sufficient, reliable, consistent, recent, and meet all				
requirements of the current version of the Unit of Competency					
	Assessment required evidence that the candidate:				
	1.1 Prepared for Dementia care				
1. The critical aspects of	1.2 Ensured time management				
competency	1.3 Developed Dementia-friendly behaviours				
	1.4 Maintained personal health, and hygiene (PHH)				
	1.5 Managed inconsistency, and incontinence				
	2.1 Roles, and responsibilities of Dementia caregiver				
	2.2 Ethical issues related to Dementia				
	2.3 Client history				
	2.4 Care Plan				
	2.5 Confidentiality				
2. Underpinning	2.6 Personal schedule				
knowledge	2.7 Dementia-Friendly behaviours				
	2.8 Personal health, and hygiene				
	2.9 Self-care, and safety				
	2.10 Nutritious food, and healthy living				
	2.11 Causes of inconsistency				
	2.12 Approaches to incontinences				
	3.1 Preparing for Dementia care				
	3.2 Ensuring time management				
3. Underpinning skills	3.3 Developing Dementia-friendly behaviours				
	3.4 Maintaining personal health, and hygiene (PHH)				
	3.5 Managing inconsistency, and incontinence				
	4.1 Commitment to occupational health, and safety				
	4.2 Sincere, and honest to duties				
	4.3 Promptness in carrying out activities				
4 D 1 -44'4 1-	4.4 Environmental concerns				
4. Required attitude	4.5 Eagerness to learn				
	4.6 Tidiness, and timeliness				
	4.7 Respect of peers, and seniors in the workplace				
	4.8 Communicate with peers, and seniors in the workplace				
	5.1 Workplace (actual or simulated)				
5 D	5.2 Tools, equipment, and facilities appropriate to the process				
5. Resource implications	or activity				
	5.3 Materials relevant to the proposed activity.				
(Mother de of	Competency should be assessed by:				
6. Methods of	6.1 Written test				
assessment	6.2 Demonstration				

	6.3	Oral Question	ning					
7. Context of assessment	7.1	Competency a	assessmen	t must	be done	in NS	DA a	ccredited
		assessment ce	entre					
	7.2	Assessment			done	by	an	NSDA
		certified/nom:	inated asso	essor				

U	Init Code, and Title	OUISDC03L3V1: Provide Person-Centred Care			
		This unit covers the knowledge, skills, and attitudes required to provide person-centred care.			
W T		It includes explicitly the skills for			
Ur	nit Descriptor	preparing for Person-Centred Care, explaining premorbid personality, providing support to activities of daily living (ADL), and assisting with cognitive skills and emotional wellbeing.			
No	minal Hours	152 Hours			
	ements of mpetency	Performance Criteria Bold & Underlined terms are elaborated in the Range of Variables			
		1.1 Person-Centred Care is explained			
		1.2 <u>Six principles</u> of Person Centred Care by Kitwood are			
1.	Prepare for Person-	interpreted			
	Centred Care	1.3 Bio-Psycho-Social Models of Dementia Care are			
		interpreted			
		1.4 Layout of the home is rearranged according to the needs of the client.			
		2.1. Premorbid cognitive ability of the client is identified			
2.	Explain premorbid	2.2. Premorbid emotional state of the client is recognised			
	personality	2.3. Premorbid behavioural characteristics of the client identified			
		3.1 Required <u>tools</u> , equipment, and materials are selected			
		3.2 Home environment is recognised			
		3.3 Care plan is prepared, and followed			
2	D 11	3.4 Support is provided to <u>wakeup/ morning activities</u>			
3.	Provide support to	3.5 Support is provided for bathroom activities and			
	activities of daily living (ADL)	personal hygiene			
	IIVIIIg (ADL)	3.6 Support is provided for kitchen activities			
		3.7 Assistance is provided for <u>daily meals</u>			
		3.8 Assistance is provided in physical, and mental			
		<u>activities</u>			
4.	4. Assist with	4.1 <u>Various cognitive therapies</u> are introduced			
	cognitive skills and	4.2 Emotions of a person with dementia are recognised			
	emotional wellbeing	4.3 Fundamental emotion regulation skills are practiced			
	-	4.4 Reflective diaries are maintained			
Ra	nge of Variables				
Va	riables	Range (may include but not limited to):			
		<u> </u>			

	1.1 Kitwood's Equation: Dementia =P+B+H+NI+SP			
	1.2 Individuality			
	1.3 Rights			
	1.4 Choice			
1. Person-centred	1.5 Privacy			
values	1.6 Independence			
	1.7 Dignity			
	1.8 Respect to Religions			
	1.9 Respect			
	1.10 Partnership			
	2.1 Love			
	2.2 Attachment			
	2.3 Comfort			
2. Six principles	2.4 Identity			
	2.5 Occupation			
	2.6 Inclusion			
	3.1 Equipment to help people with memory			
	3.1.1 Whiteboard			
	3.1.2 Clocks with large faces			
	3.1.3 Talking button clock			
	3.1.4 Dairies, and calendars			
	3.1.5 Dossett boxes			
	3.2 Equipment to help with household tasks			
	3.2.1 A kettle tipper			
3. Tools, and equipment,	3.2.2 Grip extensions for controls on appliances e.g.,			
and materials	ovens, and taps			
	3.2.3 Timer			
	3.2.4 Tray trolley			
	3.2.5 Signs / labels for cooking items			
	3.2.6 Non-slip rubber gloves			
	3.3 Equipment to help with washing, bathing, and using			
	the toilet			
	3.3.1 Transfer benches, grab rails, and bath chair			
	· • ·			

3.3.2 Bath seats, and bath board 3.3.3 Long-handled bath sponges 3.3.4 Safety clocks 3.3.5 Raised toilet seat 3.3.6 Commodes, and bed pans 3.3.7 Water proof mattress, and pillows 3.3.8 Pads, and pull-up incontinence pants Equipment to help with walking, and moving 3.4 3.4.1 Walking sticks 3.4.2 Walking cribs 3.4.3 Wheelchair 3.4.4 Grab-rails 3.4.5 Ramps for wheelchairs 3.4.6 Height adjustable beds 3.4.7 Bed hand locks Equipment to help with eating, and drinking 3.5.1 Dementia-friendly crockeries 3.5.2 Cutlery with cushioned handles 3.5.3 Non-spilled cups with large handles 3.5.4 One-way straws **Equipment for bedroom** 3.6 3.6.1 Weighted blanket 3.6.2 Fidget blanket / Nakshi Kantha 3.6.3 Cellular blanket 3.6.4 Fidget pillow 3.6.5 Waterproof mattress and mattress cover 3.6.6 Waterproof bedsheet 3.6.7 Appropriate sound and lightning 3.6.8 Colourful cushion 3.6.9 Sensory dolls 3.6.10 Dodow glowing timer Photo frame 3.6.11 3.7 **Dementia-friendly technologies**

		3.7.1	Dementia-friendly mobile phone
		3.7.2	2 Radio
		3.7.3	GP trackers
		4.1	Taking Consent
		4.2	Transferring
		4.3	Ambulation
4.	Wakeup/ morning	4.4	Enable room environment
	activities	4.5	Taking vital signs, and record
		4.6	Assist in reading materials
		4.7	Assist in communication (mail check, cell phone, fax, TV
			news)
		5.1	Toileting
		5.2	Denture
	5. Bathroom activities	5.3	Eye care
5.		5.4	Hearing-aid
	and personal hygiene	5.5	Shower
	nj grene	5.6	Grooming
		5.7	Dressing
		5.8	Personal hygiene
	5 1		Tiding Cloths Writing Diaries
6.	Bedroom activities	6.3	Keeping a routine in the wall with pictures of Activities of Daily Life (ADL)
	TZ 1	7.1	Prepare kitchen
7.	Kitchen activities		Cooking Put levels on every objects
8.	Daily meals		Meal preparing Feeding/ dining assistance

9.	Physical, and mental activities	9.1 Reflexology 9.2 Mobility, and freehand exercise 9.3 Mindfulness 9.4 Mental games 9.5 Art, and drawing 9.6 Making room 9.7 Gardening 9.8 Showing albums 9.9 Cloth folding 9.10 Storytelling, and talking
10.	Various Cognitive Therapies	 10.1 Cognitive Stimulation Therapy (CST) 10.2 Cognitive Rehabilitation Therapy (CRT) 10.3 Reminiscence Therapy (RT) 10.4 Occupational Therapy (OT)

Evidence Guide

The evidence must be authentic, valid, sufficient, reliable, consistent, recent, and meet all requirements of the current version of the Unit of Competency

1 771 '4' 1 4 6	Asses	ssment required evidence that the candidate:
1. The critical aspects of	1.1	Prepared for Person-Centred Care
competency	1.2	Provided support to activities of daily living
	2.1	Person-Centred Care
2. Underpinning	2.2	Person-Centred Values
knowledge	2.3	Bio-Medical, and psycho-Social Models of Dementia
	2.4	Person-Centred Care Approach
0 IV 1 ' ' 1'11	5.12	Preparing for Person-Centred Care
3. Underpinning skills	5.13	Providing support to activities of daily living
	4.1	Commitment to occupational health, and safety
	4.2	Sincere, and honest to duties
	4.3	Promptness in carrying out activities
4 D 1 -44'4 1-	4.4	Environmental concerns
4. Required attitude	4.5	Eagerness to learn
	4.6	Tidiness, and timeliness
	4.7	Respect of peers, and seniors in the workplace
	4.8	Communicate with peers, and seniors in the workplace
	5.1	Workplace (actual or simulated)
5. Resource implications	5.2	Tools, equipment, and facilities appropriate to the
		process or activity
	5.3	Materials relevant to the proposed activity
6. Methods of	Com	petency should be assessed by:
assessment	6.1	Written test

	6.2	Demonstration
	6.3	Oral Questioning
	7.1	Competency assessment must be done in NSDA
7. Context of assessment		accredited assessment centre
	7.2	Assessment should be done by an NSDA
		certified/nominated assessor

Unit Code, and Title	OUISDC04L3V1: Communicate to persons living with Dementia				
	This unit covers the knowledge, skills, and attitudes required to communicate to persons living with Dementia.				
Unit Descriptor	It includes explicitly the skills for preparing for communication with persons with Dementia, communicating to persons who have Dementia, assisting in medication, performing creative approaches to care for/manage behavioural, and psychological syndromes of Dementia.				
Nominal Hours	60 Hours				
Elements of Competency	Performance Criteria Bold & Underlined terms are elaborated in the Range of Variables				
Prepare for communication to persons with	 1.1 Choices of persons with Dementia are recognised, and respected 1.2 Mindset preparation is taken. 				
Dementia	1.3 Orientation to time, place and person are taken care of.1.4 Self-orientation is ensured mentally, and physically				
Communicate to persons who have Dementia	 2.1 <u>Communication methods</u> are applied 2.2 Changes in communication ability as Dementia Progresses are noted, and reported to relevant personnel. 2.3 <u>Specific needs</u> are assessed and addressed 2.4 Causes of inconsistency are identified 2.5 Management of inconsistencies are introduced 				
3. Assist in Medication	 3.1 Prescribed medicines are administered as per the required procedure 3.2 Side effects of medicines are recognised 3.3 Any side effect of drugs is reported to respective personnel 				
4. Perform creative approaches to care for/manage behavioural, and psychological syndromes of Dementia (BPSD)	 1.1 Behavioral, and psychological symptoms of Dementia (BPSD) is defined 1.2 Abnormal behaviour/behavioural syndromes are interpreted 1.3 Challenging behaviours are explored, and identified 1.4 Person-Centred Plan is developed, and implemented with creative approaches. 				
Range of Variables	creative approaches.				
Variables	Range (may include but not limited to):				
Communication methods	1.1 Support with clothing during incontinence 1.2 Support with skin care during incontinence 1.3 Support with bathroom aid during incontinence				

2 6 :		Food management
2. Specific nee		Outing
		Incontinence
	3.1	Repetitive talk, questioning
	3.2	Confabulation
	3.3	Suspicion
	3.4	Denial Foor anxiety/a citation
		Fear, anxiety/agitation
2 41 1	3.6	Sundowning (Restlessness)
3. Abnormal behaviour/	3.7	Aggression
behavioural	3.8	Hallucinations
syndromes	3.9	Illusion
	3.10	Delusion
	3.11	Sleeplessness
	3.12	Wandering
	3.13	Sexuality and intimacy
	3.14	Disinhibition
	3.15	Suicidal ideation
Evidence Guide	;	
		valid, sufficient, reliable, consistent, recent, and meet all of the Unit of Competency
requirements of		ment required evidence that the candidate:
	1 1 P	repared for communication with people with Dementia
1. The critical a	spects of 1	ommunicated to persons who have Dementia
competency		ssisted in Medication
	1.4 Pc	erformed creative approaches to care for/manage BPSD
	2.1	Client's choice
	2.2 M	lindset preparation
	2.3 C	ommunication Methods
2. Underpinning	5	consistency
knowledge	2.5 A	pproaches to incontinence
mie wieuge		ehavioral, and psychological symptoms of Dementia
	`	BPSD)
		hallenging behaviours
		erson-centred plan
		reparing for communication with people with Dementia
2 Underninning	- a1-:11a	ommunicating to persons who have Dementia
3. Underpinning		agisting in Madigation
3. Underpinning	3.3 A	ssisting in Medication erforming creative approaches to care for/manage BPSD

4. Required attitude	4.1 Commitment to occupational health, and safety
	4.2 Sincere, and honest to duties
	4.3 Promptness in carrying out activities
	4.4 Environmental concerns
	4.5 Eagerness to learn
	4.6 Tidiness, and timeliness
	4.7 Respect of peers, and seniors in the workplace
	4.8 Communicate with peers, and seniors in the workplace
5. Resource implications	5.1. workplace (actual or simulated)
	5.2. tools, equipment, and facilities
	5.3. Paper
	5.4. Pen
	Competency should be assessed by:
6. Methods of	6.1 Written test
assessment	6.2 Demonstration
	6.3 Oral Questioning
	7.1 Competency assessment must be done in NSDA
7. Context of assessment	accredited assessment centre
	7.2 Assessment should be done by an NSDA
	certified/nominated assessor

Development of Competency Standard

The Competency Standards for National Skills Certificate in Dementia Care, Level-03 is developed by the following experts in the development workshop during 12-14 February 2023 at NSDA.

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Validation of Competency Standard

The Competency Standards for National Skills Certificate in Dementia Care, Level-03 is validated by NSDA on 28 February 2023.

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